



SEVENTH FRAMEWORK



ISOBIO – Highly insulating, Construction Materials from Bioderived Aggregates

> Nadia, Sid, TWI ecember 3rd, 2015, Brindisi



Project Objectives

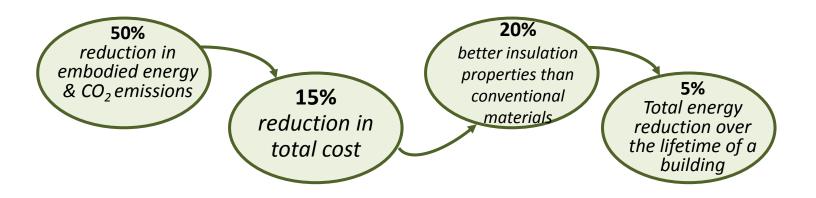




ISOBIO

Development of new approach to insulating materials through the novel combination of existing bio-derived aggregates with low embodied carbon with innovative binders to produce durable composite construction materials.

ISOBIO project targets





Project Consortium



The ISOBIO project is coordinated by TWI Ltd .

The consortium is formed by 12 partners across 6 different European countries.





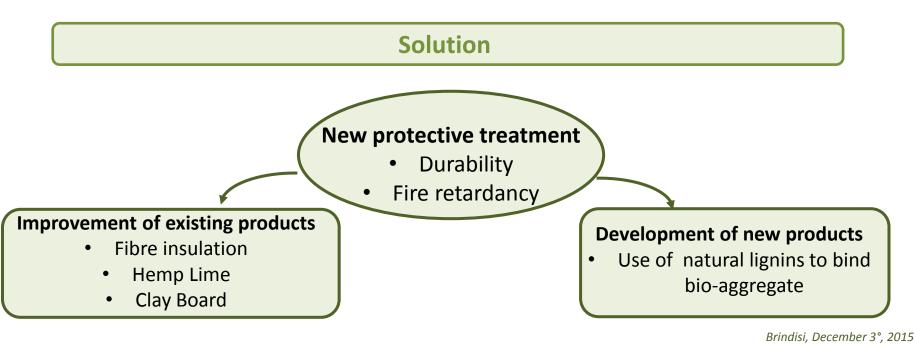
Approach





Challenges

- Uptake of liquid water initiating the decomposition of bio-derived material via the latent bacteria and fungal spores present at the surface
- Protection of material against fire exposure and decay







- New uses for cellulose-based co/byproduct and waste stream materials: Panel system of primarily bio-derived composition suitable for use in modular construction
- Development of a silica based treatments containing no environmentally deleterious elements for biobased materials to enable fire and decay resistance

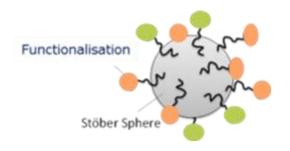




Technical Approach

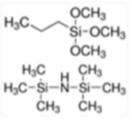


Basic building block – silica nanoparticle



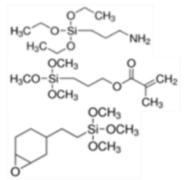
2 To provide hydrophobicity:

- N-propyl silane
- Hexamethyldisilazane



1 Compatibility with the substrate:

- Amino silane
- Methacrylate silane
- Epoxy silane



🔔 Retain desirable properties

- Hygrothermal properties
- Moisture buffering
- Thermal insulation
- Specific heat capacity



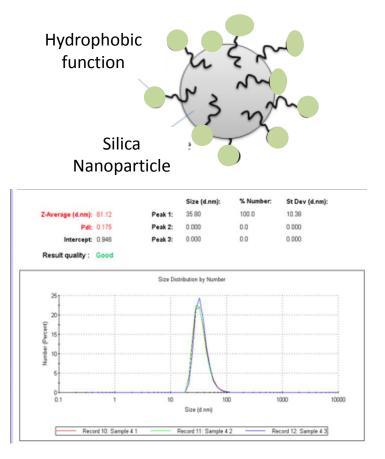




Treatment development

Structural Unit – Mono Functionalised Silica Nanoparticles

Appearance – Single phase, clear liquid with slight blue haze Post fabrication pH: 7.7 – 8.2 Non-volatile content: 4.5% Silica content of NV: 86% Particle size (DLS Z_{ave}) = 61nm WCA on glass substrate: 114°









Stability



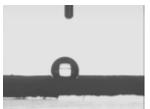
Untreated hemp shivs WCA: 73.7°



Increase ~45°



Dip coated hemp shivs WCA: 119.1°



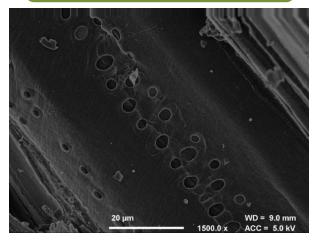
Spray coated hemp shivs WCA: 114.6°

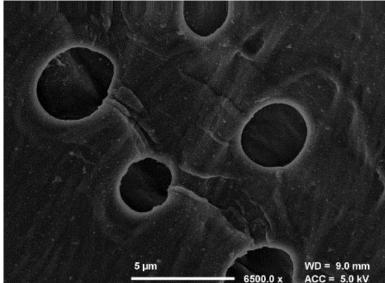
	Time 0	Time 2 hours
Dip coated hemp shivs		
Spray coated hemp shivs		



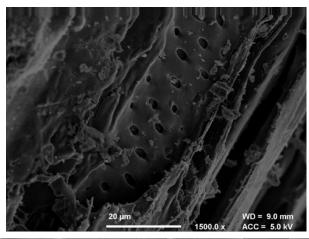


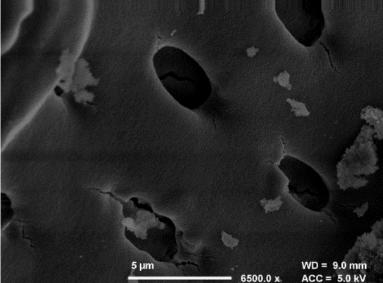
Untreated Hemp shiv





Treated Hemp shiv



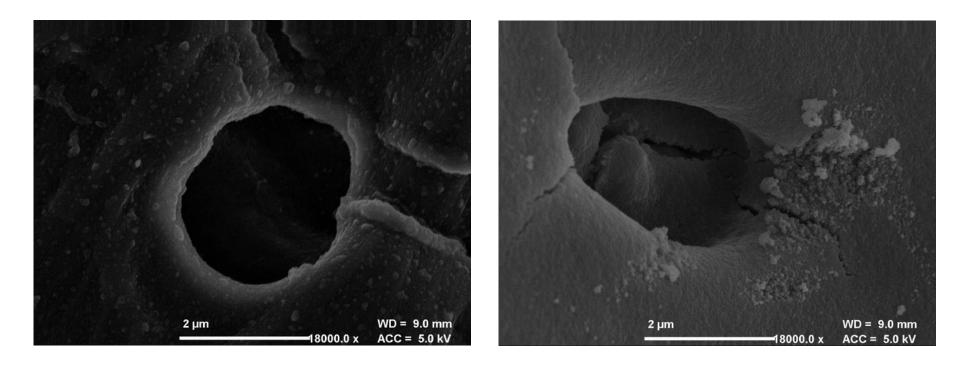






Untreated Hemp shiv

Treated Hemp shiv



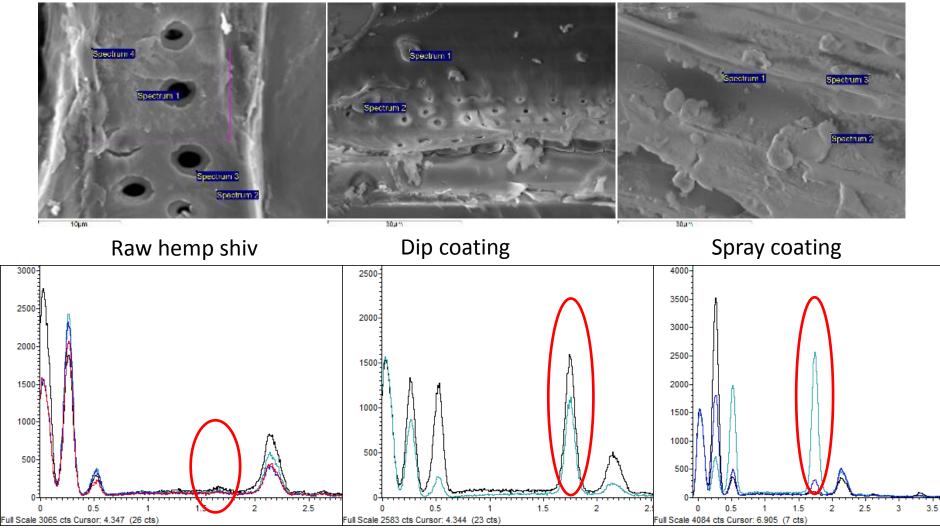








SEM-EDX







Use of natural lignins to bind bio-aggregate

Extraction process from Raw Material

- Investigation of different process to extract lignin from Straw material:
- Identification of potential supplier

Binding Mechanism

- Condensation at high temperature
- Non soluble product
- Potential alteration of the hygric properties



Stramit – Lignin bound Straw



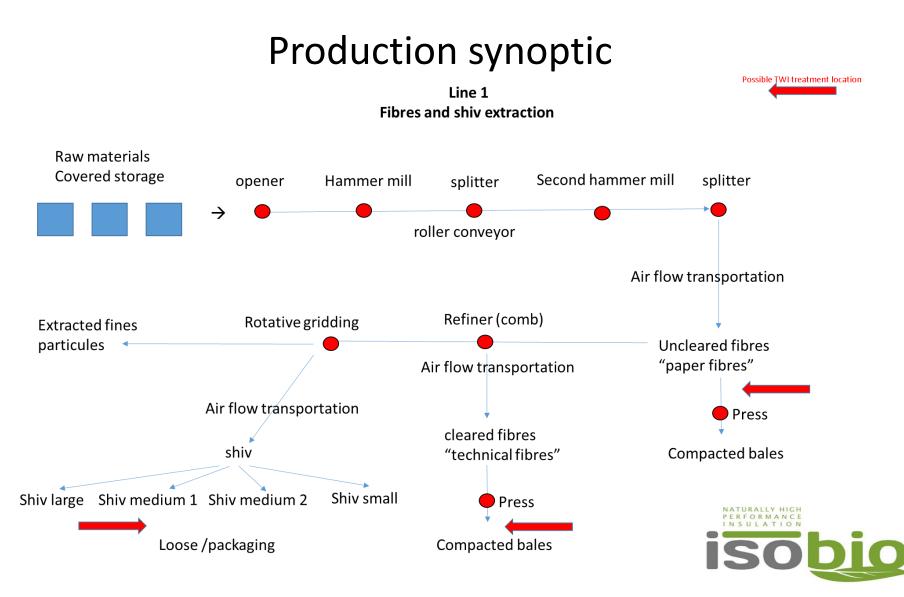
Lignin bound Hem Shiv









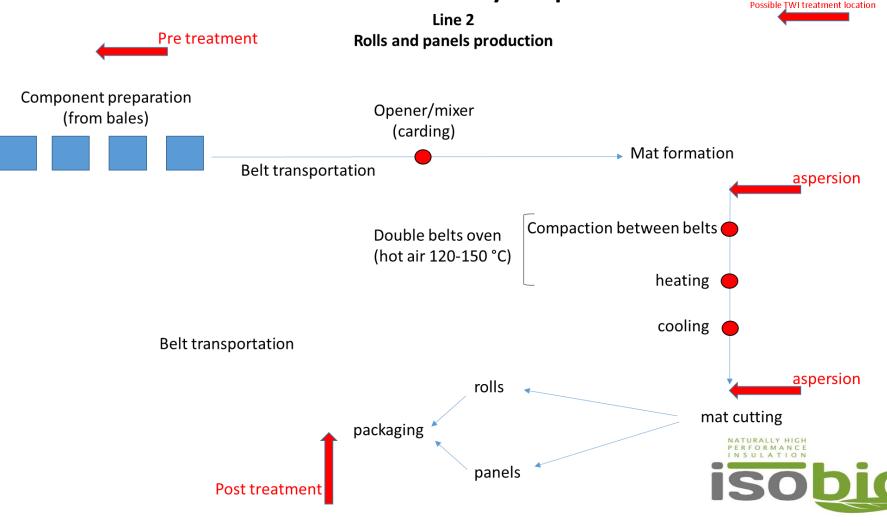








Production synoptic





The experts of the ISOBIO project are pleased to invite you to a workshop on bio-based insulation materials

Science and technology solutions for bio-based insulation 4 February 2016 University of Rennes, France

The event, hosted by the University of Bath, will bring together the academic and research community, and will focus on the theme of 'science and technology' in bio-based insulation. The project partners will share their experiences, present the project's approach and the first year's results, as well as discuss and gather feedback on the innovative products under development.

The workshop will be held in English and is free of charge, but registration is required. To receive an invitation or for further details please contact Dr Helen Cornwell at the University of Bath, UK. Email <u>H.Cornwell@bath.ac.uk</u>

An agenda and further details will be circulated in January 2016.

We are looking forward to seeing you in Rennes!











Thanks for your attention!

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